

Andrea Crespo

[intensifies]

16.09.2017–14.10.2017

Andrea Crespo's second solo exhibition at Kraupa-Tuskany Zeidler brings to Berlin one of their videos and nine drawings by the artist. Crespo presents a series of images depicting machinery, transportation and warfare as metaphors to address preconceptions ascribed to autism such as coldness, inhumanity and death.

On October 3, 1938, less than five months after Austria was annexed by Nazi Germany, Hans Asperger delivered the first public talk on autism, presented at the University Children's Hospital in Vienna where he practiced as a pediatrician. In a 1944 paper, if not at the talk itself, he used the term "autistic psychopathy"—now referred to as "Asperger's syndrome"—in describing "a group of eccentric, withdrawn, but often highly gifted, individuals who manage social integration despite their somewhat odd social interaction or communication."* With many attendees wearing swastikas, Asperger was careful to select only the highest functioning cases of the 200 children he studied. Since his lecture, the origin of autism has been fraudulently linked to vaccines, falsely connected to school shooters, deemed a growing public crisis, and subject to incessant trolling. 1930s Nazi propaganda concerning the neurodivergent is not, at times, dissimilar from recent memes depicting autism—memes such as [autism intensifies].

Andrea Crespo's animated film [intensifies] (2016) is a story of Alan, a fictional autistic male, as a child and young adult. Told from a first-person perspective, we learn his interests include extinction, eugenics, Sonic, WWII, and airplanes. We follow Alan as he is subjected to a battery of tests administered to learn how to execute institutional control of his condition. He endures the ridicule of classmates. He refers to himself as an alien and in computational terms: he wonders if he must "reprogram myself for breeding." Significantly, the recent book *NeuroTribes: The Legacy of Autism and the Future of Neurodiversity*, perpetuates the autism computer metaphor, proposing we can "understand neurodiversity" by thinking "in terms of human operating systems [*italics original*]."

In the film a friend with whom Alan chats online asks about his drawings; Crespo includes Alan's drawings in the exhibition, which Crespo created by embodying Alan's experiences and fantasies. Alan makes numerous drawings of airplanes, such as 'Roger that, fuckers' (all works 2016), which appears technically like he made when quite young, and 'The Lone Wolf', which looks to be made when he was much older, as one can see the development of proficiency in drawing. Two which convey the most personal pain are also of airplanes, 'The Mark of Cain' and 'MSSNG Plane', both which use the image of autism as a "puzzle," a symbol employed by organizations such as Autism Speaks. Puzzle pieces partially form destroyed airplanes printed with the registration code ALAN. (It is also worth noting that MSSNG stands for the project by Autism Speaks and Google which sets out to sequence the DNA of 10,000 families affected by autism.) Other drawings reference his militarized fantasies while growing up in suburban America, such as 'Threat Cleared' and 'Suburban Warfare'. While Crespo is known for their highly exacting digital paintings, Alan's drawings are not a mode of deskilling or ableism. The drawings Alan makes as he grows older exhibit increasing precise line and shading. Perhaps the finest illustration of this is 'Awareness Tower'. It is interesting that the first long-distance autistic communities—since replaced by the internet—were formed through ham radio communications.

— Alise Uptis

* Kathrin Hippler and Christian Kliepera, "A Retrospective Analysis of the Clinical Case Records of 'Autistic Psychopaths' Diagnosed by Hans Asperger and His Team at the University Children's Hospital, Vienna," *Philosophical Transactions: Biological Sciences* 358, no. 1430 (February 28, 2003), 291.

** Steve Silberman, *NeuroTribes: The Legacy of Autism and the Future of Neurodiversity* (New York: Avery, 2015), 471.

About Andrea Crespo

Andrea Crespo (b. 1993) lives and works in New York. They are mostly occupied with neuro divergence, alternative forms of embodiment and mediation through communication mediums. Although identity perpass their praxis as a remark, their focus is fixed on the connection of neurological realities, social and cultural perspectives and digital communities. DeviantArt is one of the several visual reference that appears throughout Andrea's work.

Crespo's recent solo exhibitions were held at Downs & Ross, New York; MIT List Visual Arts Center, Cambridge, MA; New Museum/Rhizome, online; Swiss Institute/Contemporary Art, New York; vdrome.org, online; Hester, New York; Kraupa-Tuskany Zeidler, Berlin. Their works were also shown at The Whitney Museum of American Art, New York; MINI/Goethe-Institut, New York; The Kitchen, New York; Zabudowicz Collection, London; Musée Espace Arlaud, Lausanne; LUMA/Westbau, Zürich; Associazione Barriera, Turin; Serpentine Galleries, London; Institute of Contemporary Arts, London; The Fridericianum, Kassel.